Data Sheet

USAID Mission: Bolivia **Program Title:** Improved Health Pillar: Global Health Strategic Objective: 511-003 Status: Continuing Planned FY 2005 Obligation: \$16,495,000 CSH **Prior Year Unobligated:** Proposed FY 2006 Obligation: \$14,887,000 CSH Year of Initial Obligation: 1998 **Estimated Year of Final Obligation:** 2009

Summary: USAID seeks to improve the health of Bolivians by promoting behavior change and community empowerment; expanding the delivery of high impact, cost-effective interventions that address key public health problems; and building sustainable service delivery in both the public and nongovernmental sectors. USAID's program provides technical assistance and training in reproductive health/family planning, child health and nutrition, HIV/AIDS, and other infectious diseases (i.e. tuberculosis, malaria, leishmaniasis, Chagas, and dengue fever).

All family planning assistance agreements will incorporate clauses that implement the U.S. President's directive restoring the Mexico City Policy.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Support Family Planning Programs (\$6,386,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance to improve the quality and coverage of high-impact reproductive health and family planning services at the clinical and community level. USAID will support social marketing of contraceptives and activities that promote behavior change to reduce unintended pregnancy and improve reproductive behavior. Principal contractors and grantees: A U.S. contractor, to be selected (prime) and a variety of nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) that provide clinical and community-based health services and client education (prime).

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$3,547,000 CSH). USAID will provide training and technical assistance to help the Ministry of Health, NGOs, and local governments develop the necessary skills to provide consistent, high-quality service delivery through improved planning, resource allocation and management, and performance monitoring and evaluation. Principal contractor and grantees to be selected. Title II cooperating sponsors are CARE, Adventist Development and Relief Agency, Food for the Hungry International, and Save the Children (all prime).

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$2,237,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance and training to promote behavior change; improve infectious disease surveillance systems; perform epidemiologic and entomologic research; increase laboratory capacity; mobilize community resources; and improve the quality of diagnosis and treatment of infectious diseases. Contractors and grantees: U.S. contractor, to be selected, and a variety of local NGOs (all prime).

Improve Child Survival, Health, and Nutrition (\$2,777,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance to improve the quality and coverage of high impact child health and nutrition services at the clinical and community level. Using P.L. 480 Title II funds, USAID will systematically address immediate, underlying causes of childhood malnutrition by improving household food security and strengthening child health care practices. The Title II program will enhance local capacities, increase access to key services, improve child care and feeding practices, and improve food security. Principal contractors and grantees: U.S. contractor, to be selected; local

NGOs; and Title II Cooperating Sponsors (all prime).

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$688,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance to support behavior change activities and social marketing of condoms. Technical assistance will be used to improve the quality and coverage of HIV/AIDS prevention services at the clinical and community level, including voluntary counseling and testing. Principal contractor and grantees to be selected.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$858,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance to improve the quality and coverage of a basic package of maternal health services at the clinical and community level. Principal contractors and grantees: U.S. contractor, to be selected; local NGOs; and EngenderHealth (all prime).

FY 2006 Program: Working with the same partners in each program element as described for the FY 2005 program, USAID will expand the health program to a total of 100 municipalities.

Support Family Planning Programs (\$4,757,000 CSH). USAID will continue to provide technical assistance and training to emphasize behavior change and for contraceptive social marketing activities. Technical assistance will help improve reproductive health and family planning services in clinics and communities.

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$3,287,000 CSH). USAID will continue to provide training, technical assistance, and financial support to strengthen health systems in the public and non-profit health sectors.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$2,170,000 CSH). USAID will continue to provide technical assistance to implement interventions which improve prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of infectious diseases.

Improve Child Survival, Health, and Nutrition (\$3,039,000 CSH). USAID will continue to undertake behavior change and contraceptive social marketing activities. Technical assistance will continue to improve child health and services at the clinical and community level. P.L 480 Title II activities to improve child care and feeding practices, and for better food security, will also continue.

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$695,000 CSH). USAID will provide technical assistance to continue support for behavior change, social marketing, and other activities for HIV/AIDS prevention and surveillance.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$939,000 CSH). USAID will continue to enhance behavior change and contraceptive social marketing activities and will provide technical assistance to improve maternal health services at the clinical and community level.

Performance and Results: As a result of this program, there is greater use of modern family planning methods (over 368,000 couple-years of protection during FY 2004). More than half (54%) of pregnant women received their first pre-natal consultation before the fifth month of pregnancy and a higher percentage (62%) of births were attended by trained personnel. Seventy-seven percent of children under one year of age received their third dose of the pentavalent vaccine for protection against pertussis, tetanus, polio, hepatitis B, and Hemophilus influenza. USAID began supporting voluntary counseling and testing services as part of its HIV prevention activities and 391 people were tested in FY 2004. USAID supported 31 community projects during FY 2004, enabling a broader participation in health activities. Bolivian NGO networks expanded their geographic coverage and continue to make progress in strengthening their management procedures and financial sustainability.

Upon completion of the health program, Bolivia's population will be better able to address the

factors compromising their health, resulting in more healthful behaviors and environments. The coverage and quality of public health interventions will be improved; and, the capacity of the public sector and NGOs to deliver and manage quality decentralized health services will be enhanced.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Bolivia

511-003 Improved Health	СЅН	DA	ESF
Through September 30, 2003			
Obligations	55,025	31,666	2,000
Expenditures	33,664	31,042	0
Unliquidated	21,361	624	2,000
Fiscal Year 2004			
Obligations	10,389	-6	0
Expenditures	10,287	2,689	0
Through September 30, 2004			
Obligations	65,414	31,660	2,000
Expenditures	43,951	33,731	0
Unliquidated	21,463	-2,071	2,000
Prior Year Unobligated Funds			
Obligations	0	0	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA			
Obligations	16,495	0	0
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005			
Obligations	16,495	0	0
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA			
Obligations	14,887	0	0
Future Obligations	46,200	0	0
Est. Total Cost	142,996	31,660	2,000